

Package ‘inTrees’

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Title Interpret Tree Ensembles

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Imports RRF, arules, gbm, xtable, xgboost, data.table, methods

Description For tree ensembles such as random forests, regularized random forests and gradient boosted trees, this package provides functions for: extracting, measuring and pruning rules; selecting a compact rule set; summarizing rules into a learner; calculating frequent variable interactions; formatting rules in latex code. Reference: Interpreting tree ensembles with inTrees (Houtao Deng, 2019, <[doi:10.1007/s41060-018-0144-8](https://doi.org/10.1007/s41060-018-0144-8)>).

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BugReports <https://github.com/softwaredeng/inTrees/issues>

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R topics documented:

applyLearner	2
buildLearner	2
dataSimulate	3
dcretizeVector	4
extractRules	4
GBM2List	5
getFreqPattern	6
getRuleMetric	7
presentRules	8
pruneRule	8
RF2List	9

selectRuleRRF	10
XGB2List	11

Index	12
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applyLearner	<i>apply a simplified tree ensemble learner (STEL) to data</i>
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Description

apply STEL to data and get predictions

Usage

```
applyLearner(learner, X)
```

Arguments

learner	a matrix with rules ordered by priority
X	predictor variable matrix

Value

predictions for the data

See Also

[buildLearner](#)

buildLearner	<i>build a simplified tree ensemble learner (STEL)</i>
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Description

Build a simplified tree ensemble learner (STEL). Currently works only for classification problems.

Usage

```
buildLearner(ruleMetric, X, target, minFreq = 0.01)
```

Arguments

ruleMetric	a matrix including the conditions, predictions, and and metrics
X	predictor variable matrix
target	target variable
minFreq	minimum frequency of a rule condition in order to be included in STEL.

Value

a matrix including the conditions, prediction, and metrics, ordered by priority.

Author(s)

Houtao Deng

References

Houtao Deng, Interpreting Tree Ensembles with inTrees, technical report, 2014

Examples

```
data(iris)
library(RRF)
X <- iris[,1:(ncol(iris)-1)]
target <- iris[,"Species"]
rf <- RRF(X,as.factor(target),ntree=100) # build an ordinary RF
treeList <- RF2List(rf)
ruleExec <- extractRules(treeList,X)
ruleExec <- unique(ruleExec)
ruleMetric <- getRuleMetric(ruleExec,X,target) # measure rules
ruleMetric <- pruneRule(ruleMetric,X,target) # prune each rule
#ruleMetric <- selectRuleRRF(ruleMetric,X,target) # rule selection
learner <- buildLearner(ruleMetric,X,target)
pred <- applyLearner(learner,X)
read <- presentRules(learner,colnames(X)) # more readable format

# format the rule and metrics as a table in latex code
library(xtable)
print(xtable(read), include.rownames=FALSE)
print(xtable(ruleMetric[1:2,]), include.rownames=FALSE)
```

dataSimulate

Simulate data

Description

Simulate data

Usage

```
dataSimulate(flag = 1, nCol = 20, nRow = 1000)
```

Arguments

flag	1 (default): team optimization; 2: non-linear; 3: linear.
nCol	the number of columns in the data set. must ≥ 2 .
nRow	the number of rows in the data set.

Value

predictor variable matrix and target variable

Examples

```
res <- dataSimulate(flag=1)
X <- res$X;
target <- res$target
```

dicretizeVector *discretize a variable*

Description

discretize a variable

Usage

```
dicretizeVector(v, K = 3)
```

Arguments

v vector
K discretize into up to K levels with equal frequency

Value

discretized levels for v

Examples

```
data(iris)
dicretizeVector(iris[,1],3)
```

extractRules *Extract rules from a list of trees*

Description

Extract rule conditions from a list of trees. Use functions RF2List/GBM2List to transform RF/GBM objects to list of trees.

Usage

```
extractRules(treeList, X, ntree = 100, maxdepth = 6, random = FALSE, digits = NULL)
```

Arguments

treeList	tree list
X	predictor variable matrix
ntree	conditions are extracted from the first ntree trees
maxdepth	conditions are extracted from the top maxdepth levels from each tree
random	the max depth for each tree is an integer randomly chosen between 1 and maxdepth
digits	digits for rounding

Value

a set of rule conditions

Examples

```
library(RRF)
data(iris)
X <- iris[,1:(ncol(iris)-1)]
target <- iris[,"Species"]
rf <- RRF(X,as.factor(target),ntree=100) # build an ordinary RF
treeList <- RF2List(rf)
ruleExec <- extractRules(treeList,X,digits=4) # transform to R-executable rules
ruleExec <- unique(ruleExec)
```

GBM2List

Transform gbm object to a list of trees

Description

Transform gbm object to a list of trees that can be used for rule condition extraction

Usage

```
GBM2List(gbm1, X)
```

Arguments

gbm1	gbm object
X	predictor variable matrix

Value

a list of trees in an inTrees-required format

See Also

[RF2List](#)

Examples

```

library(gbm)
data(iris)
X <- iris[,1:(ncol(iris)-1)]
target <- iris[,"Species"]
gbmFit <- gbm(Species~ ., data=iris, n.tree = 400,
              interaction.depth = 10,distribution="multinomial")
treeList <- GBM2List(gbmFit,X)
ruleExec = extractRules(treeList,X)
ruleExec <- unique(ruleExec)
#ruleExec <- ruleExec[1:min(2000,length(ruleExec)),,drop=FALSE]
ruleMetric <- getRuleMetric(ruleExec,X,target)
ruleMetric <- pruneRule(ruleMetric,X,target)
ruleMetric <- unique(ruleMetric)
learner <- buildLearner(ruleMetric,X,target)
pred <- applyLearner(learner,X)
readableLearner <- presentRules(learner,colnames(X)) # more readable format
err <- 1-sum(pred==target)/length(pred);

```

getFreqPattern

calculate frequent variable interactions

Description

calculate frequent variable interactions

Usage

```
getFreqPattern(ruleMetric, minsup = 0.01, minconf = 0.5, minlen = 1, maxlen = 4)
```

Arguments

ruleMetric	a matrix including conditions, predictions, and the metrics
minsup	minimum support of conditions in a tree ensemble
minconf	minimum confidence of the rules
minlen	minimum length of the conditions
maxlen	max length of the conditions

Value

a matrix including frequent variable interactions (in a form of conditions), predictions, length, support, and confidence.

Examples

```
library(RRF)
library(arules)
data(iris)
X <- iris[,1:(ncol(iris)-1)]
target <- iris[,"Species"]
rf <- RRF(X,as.factor(target),ntree=100) # build an ordinary RF
treeList <- RF2List(rf)
ruleExec <- extractRules(treeList,X) # transform to R-executable rules
ruleMetric <- getRuleMetric(ruleExec,X,target)
freqPattern <- getFreqPattern(ruleMetric)
freqPatternMetric <- getRuleMetric(freqPattern,X,target)
```

getRuleMetric *Assign outcomes to a conditions, and measure the rules*

Description

Assign outcomes to a conditions, and measure the rules

Usage

```
getRuleMetric(ruleExec, X, target)
```

Arguments

ruleExec	a set of rule conditions
X	predictor variable matrix
target	target variable

Value

a matrix including the conditions, predictions, and metrics

References

Houtao Deng, Interpreting Tree Ensembles with inTrees, technical report, 2014

Examples

```
library(RRF)
data(iris)
X <- iris[,1:(ncol(iris)-1)]
target <- iris[,"Species"]
rf <- RRF(X,as.factor(target),ntree=100) # build an ordinary RF
treeList <- RF2List(rf)
ruleExec <- extractRules(treeList,X) # transform to R-executable rules
ruleExec <- unique(ruleExec)
ruleMetric <- getRuleMetric(ruleExec,X,target) # measure rules
```

presentRules *Present a learner using column names instead of X[i,]*

Description

Present a learner using column names instead of X[i,]

Usage

```
presentRules(rules, colN, digits)
```

Arguments

rules	a set of rules
colN	a vector including the column names
digits	digits for rounding

Value

a matrix including the conditions (with column names), etc.

See Also

[buildLearner](#)

Examples

```
# See function "buildLearner"
```

pruneRule *Prune irrelevant variable-value pair from a rule condition*

Description

Prune irrelevant variable-value pair from a rule condition

Usage

```
pruneRule(rules, X, target, maxDecay = 0.05, typeDecay = 2)
```

Arguments

rules	A matrix including the rules and metrics
X	predictor variable matrix
target	target variable vector
maxDecay	threshold of decay
typeDecay	1: relative error; 2: error; default :2

Value

A matrix including the rules each being pruned, and metrics

Author(s)

Houtao Deng

References

Houtao Deng, Interpreting Tree Ensembles with inTrees, technical report, 2014

See Also

[buildLearner](#)

Examples

```
# see function "buildLearner"
```

RF2List

Transform a random forest object to a list of trees

Description

Transform a random forest object to a list of trees

Usage

```
RF2List(rf)
```

Arguments

rf random forest object

Value

a list of trees

See Also

[GBM2List](#)

Examples

```
library(RRF)
data(iris)
X <- iris[,1:(ncol(iris)-1)]
target <- iris[,"Species"]
rf <- RRF(X,as.factor(target),ntree=100) # build an ordinary RF
treeList <- RF2List(rf)
ruleExec <- extractRules(treeList,X) # transform to R-executable rules
```

selectRuleRRF	<i>select a set of relevant and non-redundant rules</i>
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Description

select a set of relevant and non-redundant rules using regularized random forests

Usage

```
selectRuleRRF(ruleMetric, X, target)
```

Arguments

ruleMetric	a matrix including the rules and metrics
X	predictor variable matrix
target	

Value

a matrix including a set of relevant and non-redundant rules, and their metrics

Author(s)

Houtao Deng

See Also

[buildLearner](#)

Examples

```
# See function "buildLearner:"
```

XGB2List*Transform an xgboost object to a list of trees*

Description

Transform an xgboost object to a list of trees

Usage

```
XGB2List(xgb, X)
```

Arguments

xgb	xgboost object
X	predictor variable matrix

Value

a list of trees in an inTrees-required format

See Also

[XGB2List](#)

Examples

```
library(data.table)
library(xgboost)
# test data set 1: iris
X <- within(iris,rm("Species")); Y <- iris[, "Species"]
X <- within(iris,rm("Species")); Y <- iris[, "Species"]
model_mat <- model.matrix(~. -1, data=X)
xgb <- xgboost(model_mat, label = as.numeric(Y) - 1, nrounds = 20,
  objective = "multi:softprob", num_class = 3 )
tree_list <- XGB2List(xgb,model_mat)
```

Index

- * **STEL**
 - buildLearner, 2
 - * **apply**
 - applyLearner, 2
 - * **discretize**
 - dicretizeVector, 4
 - * **extract**
 - extractRules, 4
 - * **gbm**
 - GBM2List, 5
 - * **learner**
 - buildLearner, 2
 - * **measure**
 - getRuleMetric, 7
 - * **predict**
 - applyLearner, 2
 - * **present**
 - presentRules, 8
 - * **prune**
 - pruneRule, 8
 - * **randomforest**
 - RF2List, 9
 - * **rank**
 - getRuleMetric, 7
 - * **select**
 - selectRuleRRF, 10
 - * **simulate**
 - dataSimulate, 3
 - * **variable interaction**
 - getFreqPattern, 6
 - * **xgboost**
 - XGB2List, 11
- applyLearner, 2
- buildLearner, 2, 2, 8–10
- dataSimulate, 3
- dicretizeVector, 4
- extractRules, 4
- GBM2List, 5, 9
- getFreqPattern, 6
- getRuleMetric, 7
- presentRules, 8
- pruneRule, 8
- RF2List, 5, 9
- selectRuleRRF, 10
- XGB2List, 11, 11